EDATE

Updated: 31 Mar 2016

Use EDATE to calculate the date that is the indicated number of months before or after a specified date (the start date). Use EDATE to calculate maturity dates or due dates that fall on the same day of the month as the date of issue

Syntax

```
Public Shared Function EDATE(
    ByVal Start_date As Date,
    ByVal Months As Integer,)
```

Arguments

Start_date

> The date the number of months is added to or subtracted from. *Start_date* is an expression that returns a **Date**, or of a type that can be implicitly converted to **Date**.

Months

> an integer added to the Start_date representing the number of months before or after the startdate. *Months* is an expression that returns an **Integer**, or of a type that can be implicitly converted to **Integer**.

Return Type

Date

Remarks

See Also

- CALCDATE - Convert MDY to date
- DATEFLOAT - Convert MDY to float
- DATEINT - Convert MDY to int
- DAYS360 - Calculate number of days using 30/360 day count conventions
- DAYSINMONTH - Number of days in the month of the specified date
- DAYSINYEAR - Number of number of days in the year of the specified date
- DAYSNL - Number of days excluding Leap Years
- EASTER - Date of Western Easter for a given year
- EOMONTH - Last day of month
- FIRSTWEEKDAY - First specified day of the week in any calendar month
- ISREGULARPAY - Determine if a date is a regular payment date for a loan
- LASTWEEKDAY - Last specified day of the week in any calendar month
- NBD - Convert a series of dates to flat csv string in YYYYMMDD format
- NUMMONTHS -Number of months between two dates

- YEARFRAC - Fraction of a year between two dates